

Rayat Shikshan Sanstha

Yashvantrao Chavan Institute of Science (Autonomous), Satara
Revised B. Sc. Part-III Physics (CBCS) Syllabus w. e. f. June 2020

1. Structure of Syllabus:

B.Sc.-III Semester-V

Paper Title	Theory			Practical		
	Paper Code	Lectures Per week	Credits	Paper Title	Lectures per week	Credits
Compulsory Papers				BPP508	10	4
Mathematical Physics	BPT501	3	2			
Quantum Mechanics	BPT502	3	2			
Classical Mechanics Relativity and Electrodynamics	BPT503	3	2	BPP509 + Project	10	4
Paper-X: Elective Papers (Any one)						
Electrical Winding, Analog Circuits and Instrumentation	BPT504	3	2			
Electrical Winding, Digital Electronics	BPT505					
Electrical Winding, Modern Physics	BPT506					
Numerical Skills in Physics	SECCPT507	2	1	SECCPP510	4	1

B.Sc.-III Semester-VI

Paper Title	Theory			Practical		
	Paper Code	Lectures Per week	Credits	Paper Title	Lectures per week	Credits
Compulsory Papers				BPP608	10	4
Nuclear and Particle Physics	BPT 601	3	2			
Solid State Physics	BPT 602	3	2			
Atomic, Molecular and Astrophysics	BPT 603	3	2	BPP609 + Project	10	4
Elective Papers (Any one)						
Solar Energy, Wind and Energy Studies	BPT 604	3	2			
Solar Energy and Energy Harvesting	BPT 605					
Solar Energy, Transducers and Sensors	BPT 606					
Entrepreneurship Development	SECCPT607	2	1	SECCPP610	4	1

Titles of Papers

Sr. No.	Semester-V	Semester-VI
1	BPT501: Mathematical Physics	BPT601: Nuclear and Partical Physics
2	BPT 502: Quantum Mechanics	BPT602 : Solid State Physics
3	BPT503:Classical Mechanics, Relativity and Electromagnetics	BPT603: Atomic, Molecular and Astrophysics
Elective Papers (Any one)		
4	BPT504:Electrical Winding, Analog Circuits and Instrumentation BPT505: Electrical Winding, Digital Electronics BPT506: Electrical Winding, Modern Physics	BPT604:Solar Energy, Wind and Energy Studies BPT605: Solar Energy and Energy Harvesting BPT606:Solar Energy, Transducers and Sensors
5	SECCPT507 : Numerical Skills in Physics	SECCPT607 :Entrepreneurship Development
6	BPP 508: Practical Paper V	BPP 608: Practical Paper VII
7	BPP 509: Practical PaperVI	BPP 609: Practical Paper VIII
8	SECCPP510: Numerical Skills Practical	SECCPP610: Entrepreneurship Development (Industrial Visit and Project Proposal Writing)

B. Sc. III Semester V

BPT501: Mathematical Physics

Theory: 45 Lectures of 48 minutes (36 Hours)

Marks -50 (Credits: 02)

Learning Objectives:

1. To understand wave method of solving partial differential equations.
2. To study applications of partial differential equations.
3. To study Cartesian, spherical polar and cylindrical co-ordinate systems.
4. To understand Beta and Gamma functions.

UNIT-I

1. Partial Differential Equation (12)

Introduction to differential equations, Method of separation of variables for solving second order partial differential equations, Form of two dimensional Laplace differential equation in Cartesian coordinates and its solution, Three dimensional partial differential equation in Cartesian coordinates and its solution,

2. Applications of Partial Differential Equations (10)

The differential equation of progressive wave and its solution, Equation of Vibrating String, One Dimensional Heat Flow, Two Dimensional Heat Flow.

UNIT-II

3. Orthogonal Curvilinear Coordinates (14)

Introduction to Cartesian, spherical polar and cylindrical co-ordinate systems, concept of orthogonal curvilinear co-ordinates, unit tangent vectors, arc length, area and volume elements in orthogonal curvilinear co-ordinate system, gradient, divergence, curl, del and Laplacian in orthogonal curvilinear co-ordinate system, extension of gradient, divergence, curl, del and Laplacian in Cartesian, spherical polar and cylindrical coordinate systems.

4. Some Special Integrals (9)

Gamma function, Properties of Gamma function, Beta function, Properties of Beta function, Relation between Beta and Gamma functions, Error function (Probability Integral).

Learning outcomes:

Students will be able to

1. solve partial differential equations .
2. understand applications of partial differential equations.
3. understand Cartesian, spherical polar and cylindrical co-ordinate systems.
4. understand Beta and Gamma functions.

Reference Books

1. Advanced calculus, Robert C. Wrede, Murray Spiegel.
2. Differential Equations with Modeling Applications, Dennis G. Zill.
3. Differential Equations, Ramachandra Rao, H. R. Anuradha.
4. Partial Differential Equations, N. P. Bali.
5. Mathematical Physics, B. S. Rajput.
6. **Mathematical Methods for Physicists, Arfken, Weber, 2005, Elsevier. (Unit I, II, III)**
7. Mathematical Methods for Scientists and Engineers, McQuarrie, 2003, Viva Books.
8. **Mathematical Physics, H. K. Das, Rama Varma. (Unit I, II, III & IV)**
9. Essential Mathematical methods, K. F. Riley, M. P. Habson, 2011, Cambridge.
10. Mathematics for Physicists, Susan M. Lea, 2004, Thomson Books/Cole.

BPT 502: Quantum Mechanics

Theory: 45 Lectures of 48 minutes (36 Hours)

Marks -50 (Credits: 02)

Learning Objectives:

1. To understand wave particle duality, uncertainty principle and its applications.
2. To study Schrödinger wave equations, Eigen values and Eigen functions.
3. To study the applications of Schrödinger wave equation.
4. To understand operators, Eigen values and Eigen functions of L^2 and L_z operators
Commutation relation between x and p and the Hilbert space and wave functions.

Unit-I:

1. Matter Waves (12)

Wave particle duality, De-Broglie hypothesis of matter waves, Derivation of wavelength of matter wave, Concept of wave packet, Relations between group velocity - phase velocity and group velocity-particle velocity, Davisson and Germer experiment, Uncertainty principle (statement only): position-momentum and energy- time, Application of uncertainty principle- non existence of free electrons in the nucleus.

2. Schrodinger's Wave Equation (10)

Wave function and its physical interpretation, Condition of physically acceptable wave function, Normalized and orthogonal wave functions, Schrödinger time dependent and time independent (steady state) wave equations in 1D and 3D, Probability current density (continuity equation), Eigen values and Eigen functions, Expectation values of dynamic variables.

Unit-III:

3. Applications of Schrodinger's Equation (11)

Particle in a rigid box (infinite potential well) in one dimension and three dimension, Step potential- reflection and transmission coefficients, Potential barrier-tunneling effect (qualitative treatment), Schrodinger equation for Hydrogen atom in spherical polar coordinates, Separation of radial and angular parts, Solution of radial part of Schrodinger's equation - Energy Eigen values.

4. Operators and Mathematical Tools in Quantum Mechanics (12)

Definition of an operator, Position operator (x), Linear momentum operator (p), Hamiltonian operator (H), Angular momentum operator (L)—components of angular momentum operator in Cartesian coordinate system, Ladder operators, Eigen values of L_z and L^2 (use equations for L^2 and L_z in spherical polar coordinates), Commutation relation between x and p , The Hilbert

space and wave functions: The linear vector space, The Hilbert space, Dimension and basis of a vector space, Square integrable functions (Wave functions)

Learning outcomes: Students will be able to

1. understand Concept of wave packet and Uncertainty principle.
2. understand Schrödinger time dependent and time independent (steady state) wave equations
3. understand applications of Schrodinger equation.
4. understand operators, Commutation relations and Hilbert space.

Reference Books

1. Quantum Mechanics Concept and Applications-Nouredine Zettili (2nd Edition, A John Wiley and Sons, Ltd., Publication) (Units I and IV)
2. Quantum Mechanics-Satya Prakash and C. K. Singh (KedarNath and RamNath Co. Publisher) (Units I and IV)
3. Quantum Mechanics-V. Murugan (Pearson Publisher) (Unit III)
4. Quantum Mechanics- G. Aruldas (2nd Edi., PHI learning Pvt. Ltd.Publisher)(Units I, II & III)
5. A Text book of Quantum Mechanics, P.M. Mathews & K. Venkatesan, 2nd Edn.,2010, Tata McGraw Hill, (Units II and III)
6. Quantum Mechanics Theory and Applications, A. K. Ghatak and S. Lokanathan, Third Edn.1995, Macmillan India Ltd.(Unit IV)

BPT 503: Classical Mechanics, Relativity and Electrodynamics

Theory: 45 Lectures of 48 minutes (36 Hours)

Marks -50 (Credits: 02)

Learning Objectives: To understand

1. langrangian formulation , D'Alembert's principle and applications.
2. moving co-ordinate system and pseudo forces.
3. concepts in special theory of relativity.
4. concept of motion of charged particles in uniform electric and magnetic fields.

UNIT I

1. Langrangian and Hamiltonian Formulation: (11)

Constraints, degrees of freedom, generalized co-ordinates, principle of virtual work, D'Alembert's principle, Lagrange's equation from D'Alembert's principle, Applications of Langrange's equation: Motion of particle in free space, Atwood's machine and Bead sliding on rotating wire.

2. Hamiltonian Formulation: (10)

Hamilton's principle, deduction of Hamilton's principle from D'Alembert's principle, deduction of Lagrange's equation from Hamilton's principle, Applications - Shortest distance between two points in a plane, Brachistochrone problem.

UNIT II

3. Special theory of Relativity (12)

Inertial and Non-Inertial frame of references, Galilean transformation equations, Michelson-Morley experiment, Ether hypothesis, Postulates of special theory of relativity, Lorentz transformation equations, Relativistic addition of velocities, Length contraction, Time dilation, variation of mass with velocity, mass energy relation.

4. Charged particle Dynamics (12)

Poisson's and Laplace's equation and their physical significance, Laplace equation in one dimension and its solutions, non-relativistic motion of charged particles- in uniform electric field E, magnetic field B, crossed uniform electric field E and magnetic field B, Relativistic motion of charged particles- in constant electric field E, magnetic field B.

Learning Outcomes:

UNIT I: Students will be able to:

1. define constraints, Degree of freedom and generalized coordinates etc.
2. understand principle of virtual work and D'Alembert's principle.
3. derive Lagrange's equation from D'Alembert's principle.
4. understand application of Lagrange's equation

UNIT II: Student will be able to:

1. Define Inertial and Non-Inertial reference frames
2. Understand Michelson Morley experiment
3. Define Relativistic addition of velocities, Length contraction, Time dilation.
4. Describe mass energy relation
5. Define Poissons and Laplace equation and their physical significance
6. Describe motion of charged particles in electric and magnetic fields

Reference books

1. Classical mechanics, Goldstein Herbert, Narosa public/Person education.2018 (**Unit 2.1**)
2. Classical Mechanics – N. C. Rana and P. S. Joag (**Unit 1.1**)
3. Classical Mechanics – Gupta, Kumar and Sharma. (**Unit 2.1**)
4. Classical mechanics – P.V. Panat (**Unit 1.1**)
5. Introduction to Classical Mechanics- R.G.Takawale and P.S. Puranik (**Unit 2.1**)

6. Classical Electrodynamics, Puri S.P. Tata McGraw Hill (**Unit 2.2**)

7. Classical Electrodynamics, Jackson J.D. Wiley India, 2007 (**Unit 2.2**)

BPT 504: Electrical Winding, Analog Circuits and Instrumentation

Theory: 45 Lectures (48 minutes) (36 Hours)

Marks -50 (Credits: 02)

Learning Objectives: To understand

1. electrical supply system and Introduction to re-winding.
2. rewinding procedure of motors.
3. amplifier, power supply and oscillator.
4. basic theory and applications of Cathode Ray Oscilloscope.

A. Electrical Winding and Instrumentation

UNIT-I

1. Electrical supply system and Introduction to re-winding: (11)

AC single phase and 3-phase supply, Difference between single and three phase supply in respect of voltage, current and power, Safe handling of stripping/winding tools, BIS rules for winding/rewinding, Types of winding wires, Types of insulating materials, Insulating materials as per class of insulation (A/E/B/C/F/H), Reasons for insulation failure in electrical machines, Method of stripping the old winding, Methods of preparing the winding former and the coils, Preparation of winding data as per old winding and rating plate of machine.

2. Rewinding procedure of motors: (11)

Procedure followed for re-winding of all kind of electric motors like single phase AC motors, pump motors, ceiling fan motors, table fan motors, submersible pump motor, etc., various methods of inserting coil into the slots. Preparation of winding table, connection diagram, winding diagram for given Motor, Testing for continuity and insulation.

B. Applications of Transistors and C.R.O.

Unit-II

3. Transistor Amplifier and Oscillator (17)

Single stage transistor CE amplifier, load line analysis- D.C. load line, A.C. load line and Q point.

Basic Concept of feedback in amplifier, Types of feedback, Barkhausen's criterion for sustained oscillations, Oscillatory circuit (tank circuit), essentials of transistor oscillator, sinusoidal oscillators-phase shift oscillator, Colpitts oscillator, Crystal oscillator using transistors.

4. Basic Theory and Applications of Cathode Ray Oscilloscope (7)

Introduction to CRO, Block diagram of CRO, Principle, Construction and working of CRT, Applications of CRO: measurement of A.C. and D. C. voltages, periodic time, frequency and phase difference, Lissajous figures.

Learning Outcomes: Students will able to

1. explain single phase and 3-phase supply electrical supply system.
2. explain rewinding procedure of motors.
3. explain Amplifier, power supply and oscillator.
4. explain basic theory and applications of Cathode Ray Oscilloscope.

Reference Books

1. Electronic devices and circuits, S. Salivahanan and N. Suresh Kumar, 2012, Tata Mc-Graw Hill. (Unit I, II, III,)
2. Electronic Principle, Albert Malvino, 2008, Tata Mc-Graw Hill. (Unit I, II)
3. Microelectronic circuits, A.S. Sedra, K.C. Smith, A.N. Chandorkar, 2014, 6th Edn., Oxford University Press.

BPT 504:Electrical Winding, Instrumentation and Digital Electronics

Theory:45 Lectures (48 minutes) (36 Hours)

Marks-50 (Credits: 02)

Learning Objectives: To understand

1. single phase and 3-phase supply electrical supply system.
2. rewinding procedure of motors.
3. working of operational Amplifier and Timer.
4. derived gates.

A. Electrical Winding and Instrumentation

UNIT-I

1. Electrical supply system and Introduction to re-winding: (11)

AC single phase and 3-phase supply, Difference between single and three, phase supply in respect of voltage, current and power, Safe handling of stripping/winding tools, BIS rules for winding/rewinding, Types of winding wires, Types of insulating materials, Insulating materials as per class of insulation (A/E/B/C/F/H), Reasons for insulation failure in electrical machines, Method of stripping the old winding, Methods of preparing the winding former and the coils. Preparation of winding data as per old winding and rating plate of machine

2. Rewinding procedure of motors: (11)

Procedure followed for re-winding of all kind of electric motors like single phase AC motors, pump motors, ceiling fan motors, table fan motors, submersible pump motor, etc., various methods used of inserting coil into the slots. Preparation of winding table, connection diagram, winding diagram for given Motor, Testing for continuity and insulation.

B. Digital Electronics

Unit-II:

3. Operational Amplifier: (9)

Differential amplifier and its type, Op-Amp, Block diagram of an Op- Amp. Op-Amp parameters, Characteristics of an ideal and practical Op-Amp (IC 741), Applications of Op-Amps: Inverting amplifier and Non-inverting amplifier, Adder, Subtractor, Differentiator, Integrator.

4. Digital Electronics and Timer IC (14)

Review of number system, Binary number system, Binary Arithmetic, 1's and 2's Compliment Method, Octal number System, Hexadecimal number System.

Review of basic logic gates, Derived logic gates (NOR, NAND, XOR and XNOR gates), NAND and NOR gates as universal gates, De Morgan's theorems.

Block diagram of IC 555, IC 555 Pin configuration, Applications of IC 555 as astable and monostable multivibrator.

Learning Outcomes: Students will able to explain

5. single phase and 3-phase supply electrical supply system.
6. rewinding procedure of motors.
7. working of operational Amplifier and Timer.
8. derived gates.

Reference Books

1. Digital Principles & Applications, A.P. Malvino, D.P. Leach & Saha, 7th Ed., 2011, Tata McGraw Hill **(Unit III)**
2. Microelectronic circuits, A.S. Sedra, K.C. Smith, A.N. Chandorkar, 2014, 6th Edn., Oxford University Press.
3. Fundamentals of Digital Circuits, A. Anand Kumar, 2nd Edition, 2009, PHI Learning Ltd.
4. OP-AMP and Linear Digital Circuits, R.A. Gayakwad, 2000, PHI Learning Pvt. **(Unit I)**
5. Electronic Principle, Albert Malvino, 2008, Tata Mc-Graw Hill. **(Unit I, II, III)**
6. Electronic devices and circuits, S. Salivahanan and N. Suresh Kumar, 2012, Tata Mc-Graw Hill. **(Unit I, II, III)**

BPT 504: Electrical Winding, Instrumentation and Modern Physics

Theory: 45 Lectures (48 minutes) (36 Hours)

Marks -50 (Credits: 02)

Learning Objectives: To understand

1. single phase and 3-phase supply electrical supply system.
2. rewinding procedure of motors.
3. concept of optical fibre.
4. number system.

A. Electrical Winding and Instrumentation

UNIT-I

1. Electrical supply system and Introduction to re-winding: (11)

AC single phase and 3-phase supply, Difference between single and three, phase supply in respect of voltage, current and power, Safe handling of stripping/winding tools, BIS rules for winding/rewinding, Types of winding wires, Types of insulating materials, Insulating materials as per class of insulation (A/E/B/C/F/H), Reasons for insulation failure in electrical machines, Method of stripping the old winding, Methods of preparing the winding former and the coils. Preparation of winding data as per old winding and rating plate of machine

2. Rewinding procedure of motors: (11)

Procedure followed for re-winding of all kind of electric motors like single phase AC motors, pump motors, ceiling fan motors, table fan motors, submersible pump motor, etc., various methods used of inserting coil into the slots. Preparation of winding table, connection diagram, winding diagram for given Motor, Testing for continuity and insulation.

B. Modern Physics

UNIT-I

1. Optical Fibers (11)

Principle and structure, types of optical fibers, numerical aperture (definition only) and pulse dispersion in step index fiber, fiber optic communication system (qualitative treatment only), advantages of optical fibers.

2. Number System: (12)

Review of number system, Binary to decimal conversion, Decimal to binary conversion, One's Complement Representation, Two's Complement Representation, Binary Arithmetic, Octal to decimal conversion, Decimal to octal conversion, Octal to Binary conversion, Binary to Octal conversion, Hexadecimal to Decimal conversion, Decimal to hexadecimal conversion, Hexadecimal to Binary conversion, Binary to Hexadecimal conversion.

Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to explain

1. electrical supply system and Introduction to re-winding.
2. rewinding procedure of motors.
3. concept of optical fibre.
4. number system.

References:

1. Modern Physics by BVN Rao, Wiley Eastern Limited, 1993. **(Unit I)**
2. Concepts of Modern Physics by Arthur Beiser, Shobhit Mahajan, S Rai Chaudhury, Seventh Edition, McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd. 2015. **(Unit II)**
3. Modern Physics by B. L. Theraja, 16th Edition, S. Chand and Company, 2008. **(Unit I)**
4. Modern Digital Electronics by R. P Jain, Fourth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Pvt. Ltd. 2012. **(Unit II)**

SECCPT507: Numerical Skills in Physics

Theory: 23 Lectures (48 minutes) (18 Hours)

Learning Objective:

1. To understand basics of algorithms and flowchart.
2. To understand C- Programming.
3. To understand python language & operators.

Unit -I:

1. Algorithms and Flowchart (06)

Algorithms: Definition, properties and development. Flowchart: Concept of Flowchart, symbols, guidelines, types. Examples: Cartesian to Spherical Polar coordinate, Roots of Quadratic Equation, sum of two matrices, sum and product of a finite series, calculation of $\sin(x)$ as a series, algorithm for plotting (1) lissajous figures and (2) trajectory of a projectile at an angle the horizontal.

2. Overview of Programming & Introduction to Python (17)

Structure of a Python Program, Elements of Python, Hello world application, Interpreters, modules, and a more interesting program, Variables, Names and Assignment, Types Input and Output Statements.

Python: Python Interpreter, Using Python as calculator, Python shell, Indentation. Atoms, Identifiers and keywords, Literals, Strings, Operators (Arithmetic operator, Relational operator, Logical or Boolean operator, Assignment, Operator, Ternary operator, Bit wise operator, Increment or Decrement operator).

Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to

1. Define basics of Algorithms and flowchart.
2. Write programs in python.

Reference Books:

1. Introducing Python-Bill Lubanovic (**Unit II**)
2. Core Python Programming: Dr. R. Nageswara Rao (**Unit II**)

BPP 508: Practical Paper V

Learning Objectives: To understand

1. experimental determination of surface tension by various methods.
2. experimental determination of Yong's modulus (Y) by various methods.
3. use of C programming to solve physics experimental calculations.
4. use of Scilab software to solve physics experimental problems.

Experiments

1. Resonance pendulum
2. S.T. of soap solution
3. Surface tension of mercury by Fergusson modified method.
4. Surface tension of mercury by ripple method.
5. Y and η using Flat Spiral Spring
6. Y by Koenig's method
7. Y by Cornu's spiral
8. Searle's Viscometer
9. C program to arrange the given set of numbers in ascending/descending order
10. C program to find largest/smallest number from a given set of numbers
11. Scilab Expt. 1 (problem from Quantum Mechanics)
12. Scilab Expt. 2 (problem from Quantum Mechanics)

Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to

1. determine surface tension of mercury by various practical methods.
2. determine Yong's modulus (Y) by various practical methods.
3. use C programm to solve physics experimental calculations.
4. use Scilab software to solve physics experimental problems.

BPP 509: Practical Paper VI

Learning Objectives: To understand

1. building and testing of various oscillators using BJT.
2. use of C.R.O. to determine A.C. and D. C. voltages.

3. methods fault finding and repairing in various electrical motors.

Experiments

1. To design a single stage CE amplifier of given gain using voltage divider bias.
2. To built and test Colpitts oscillator using BJT.
3. To built and test Phase shift oscillator using BJT.
4. To built and test Hartley oscillator using BJT.
5. To determine A.C. and D.C. sensitivity of the C.R.O. and to measure unknown frequency.
6. Measurement of phase shift of RC network using CRO.
7. Band gap energy of semiconductor using p-n junction diode.
8. Verification of D’Morgans Theorems.
9. UJT as Relaxation oscillator.
10. Fault finding and repairing of Pump motors.
11. Fault finding and repairing of ceiling fan motors, table fan motors.
12. Fault finding and repairing of submersible pump motor.

Learning Outcomes: Students will able to

1. built and test various oscillators using BJT.
2. use C.R.O. to determine A.C. and D. C. voltages.
3. find fault and its repairing in various electrical motors.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Advanced Practical Physics for Students: B. L. Worsnop and H. T. Flint, 1971 Asia Publ. House.
2. Practical Physics: S. L. Gupta and V. Kumar, Pragati Prakashan, 27th Edition, 2010.
3. An Advanced course in Practical Physics: D. Chattopadhyay and P. C. Rakshit, 7th edition, 2005.
4. New Central Book Agency Pvt. Ltd.
5. Experimental College Physics: White and manning, McGRAW-HILL Book Company. 3rd edition.
6. B.Sc. Practical Physics - H. Singh and P.S. Hemne, S. Chand Publication
7. Practical Physics – Arora, S. Chand Publication.

B.Sc. Part-III Semester-VI
Syllabus Structure:

Paper Title	Theory			Practical		
	Paper Code	Lectures Per week	Credits	Paper Title	Lectures per week	Credits
Compulsory Papers				BPP608	10	4
Nuclear and Particle Physics	BPT 601	3	2			
Solid State Physics	BPT 602	3	2			
Atomic, Molecular and Astrophysics	BPT 603	3	2	BPP609 + Project	10	4
Paper-XVI: Elective Papers (Any One)						
Solar Energy, Wind and Energy Studies	BPT 604	3	2			
Solar Energy and Energy Harvesting	BPT 605					
Solar Energy, Transducers and Sensors	BPT 606					
Entrepreneurship Development	SECCPT 607	2	1	SECCPP 610	4	1

BPT 601: Nuclear and Particle Physics
Theory: 45 Lectures of 48 minutes (36 Hours)
Marks -50 (Credits: 02)

Learning Objectives: To understand

1. the knowledge of particles.
2. to learn about the decay phenomenon and the process how they will occur.
3. knowledge of various model compare to nucleus.
4. knowledge of detectors and accelerators.

UNIT I
1. General properties of nuclei and nuclear reactions (11)

Composition of nucleus, Nuclear size, Nuclear radius, Nuclear spin, Nuclear magneticmoment, Electric quadrupole moment, Mass defect, Packing fraction, Magic numbers, Binding energy, Binding energy per nucleon and its variation with mass number, Nucleus as a liquid drop, Liquid drop model of nucleus to obtain semi-empirical mass formula.

2. Nuclear Reactions: (4)

General scheme of nuclear reactions, Q value of reaction and its calculation, Exothermic and endothermic nuclear reactions, threshold energy, deuteron induced reactions, stripping reaction.

UNIT II

1. Particle Accelerators: (11)

Need of accelerators, Cyclotron- construction, working, theory- expression for energy of cyclotron and its limitations, Principle of phase stable orbits, Synchrocyclotron- construction, working, advantages and disadvantages, Betatron- Principle, construction, working condition, expression of energy gain.

2. Nuclear Detectors: (11)

Ionization chamber, Geiger Muller counter- construction, working and theory, dead time and recovery time, quenching mechanism, photoelectric effect, construction of photo-multiplier tube (PMT), Scintillation detector-principle, construction and working, Wilson cloud chamber, Semiconductor detector, cerenkov radiations, cerenkov detector.

3. Particle Physics: (8)

Elementary particles and their classification into leptons, mesons and baryons, Symmetries and conservation laws: energy and momentum, angular momentum, parity, Baryon number, Lepton number, isospin, strangeness and charm, quark model.

Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to

1. explain about the knowledge of particles.
2. significance of various decays tells the students about the nuclear process..
3. it will teach the students about the spin parity concept & magic no. Related to shell.
4. about the detectors and accelerators how it will occur.

References:

1. Nuclear Physics – D. C. Tayal. (UNIT I, II)
2. Atomic Physics – Yarwood. (UNIT II-3)
3. Introduction to Nuclear Physics- H. AEnge (Addition Wesley co.)
4. Nuclear Physics – J. B. Rajam.
5. Nuclear Physics – Burcham.
6. Basic Concepts of Nuclear Physics – Cohen.
7. Atomic and Nuclear Physics – N. Subramanayam and Brijlal
8. Nuclear Physics – B. N. Shrivastav

BPT602: Solid State Physics

Theory: 45 lectures of 48 min (36 Hours)

Marks-50 (Credits: 02)

Learning Objectives: To study

1. understand types of crystal structure and types of solids.
2. X-ray diffraction methods for structural analysis of crystals.
3. origin of bands in solid and distinction between metals, semiconductors and insulators
4. the superconductivity and types of superconductor

UNIT I

1. Crystal Structure: (10)

Solids: amorphous, polycrystalline and crystalline materials; lattice, basis, unit cell-primitive, non primitive unit cell, symmetry elements of a cube, Bravais lattices in three and two dimensions, Miller indices and interplaner spacing, simple crystal structures – SC, BCC, FCC and HCP (coordination number, atoms per unit cell and packing fraction).

2. X – Ray Diffraction by Crystals: (10)

Reciprocal lattice and its properties, Brillouin zone, Diffraction of X-rays by crystals, Ewald construction, Bragg's law in reciprocal lattice, Experimental methods X-ray diffraction (Laue method, rotating crystal method, powder photograph method), Analysis of cubic crystal by powder crystal method.

UNIT II

1. Elementary Band Theory of Solids: (13)

Origin of energy bands, one electron approximation, Bloch theorem (statement only), Kronig-Penny model, Velocity of electrons according to band theory, Effective mass of an electron, Distinction between metals, semiconductors and insulators, Hall Effect- Hall voltage and Hall Coefficient.

2. Superconductivity (12)

Idea of superconductivity, Critical temperature, Critical magnetic field, Meissner effect, Type-I and Type-II superconductors, Introduction of BCS theory, London equation and penetration depth, Isotope effect, Application (magnetic levitation)

Learning Outcomes: Student will able to understand

1. various types of solids depending on crystal structure
2. different methods for structural analysis of crystal
3. energy bands in solid
4. superconductivity phenomenon and its types

References:

1. Solid state Physics: S. O. Pillai, 7th Ed, New Age International, Publishers (**Unit I, II, III, IV**)
2. Solid state Physics - Saxena and Gupta (**Unit I, II, IV**)
3. Solid State Physics - A. J. Dekker, Macmillan Publishers India Ltd. (**Unit III, IV**)
4. Introduction to Solid state Physics-Charles Kittel, 8th Ed., Wiley India Pvt (**Unit I, II, III, IV**)
5. Elements of X-ray diffraction- B. D. Cullity and S. Stock . (**Unit II**)
6. Solid state Physics - R. L. Singhal.
7. Solid state Physics - C. M. Kachhava (TMH).
8. Solid state Physics - M.A. Wahab, 3rd Ed., 2018, Narosa Publishing House Pvt. Ltd

BPT603: Atomic and Molecular Physics and Astrophysics

Theory: 36 Hours (45 Lectures of 48 minutes)

Marks -50 (Credits: 02)

Learning Objectives: To understand

1. atomic structure, atomic models and atomic spectra.
2. fine structure and Zeeman effect.
3. Rotational spectra and Vibrational spectra.
4. Raman Effect and Characteristic properties of Raman lines.
5. Milky Way galaxy and origin of solar system.

UNIT-I

1. Atomic Structure (9)

Revision of atomic models- Rutherford and Bohr model. Electron orbits, Atomic spectra, Bohr atom, Energy level and spectra, Atomic excitation, Vector atom model- quantum numbers, Pauli's exclusion principle.

2. Atomic Spectra (9)

Observed hydrogen fine structure, Spectral notations and optical spectral series for doublet structure, Spectrum of sodium and its doublet fine structure, Selection and intensity rules for fine structure doublets, Normal order of fine structure doublets, Electron spin-orbit interaction, Normal and anomalous Zeeman effect and their explanation from vector atom model, Lande's g factor.

3. Molecular Spectra (9)

Molecular bond, Electron sharing, H_2^+ molecular ion, The hydrogen molecule, Rotational energy levels, Rotational spectra, Vibrational energy levels, Vibrational spectra, Vibration – rotation spectra, Electronic spectra of diatomic molecules.

UNIT-II

1. Raman Spectra (9)

Raman Effect, Classical and quantum theory of Raman Effect, Characteristic properties of Raman lines, Difference between Raman spectra and infrared spectra.

2. Structure of Universe: (9)

Milky Way galaxy, Origin of solar system - Condensation theory; arguments for and against the theory. Hubble law, Big-Bang theory, Steady state theory, Oscillating theory, Cosmological tests.

Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to explain

1. atomic structure, atomic models and atomic spectra.
2. fine structure and Zeeman effect.
3. Rotational spectra and Vibrational spectra.
4. Raman Effect and Characteristic properties of Raman lines.
5. Milky Way galaxy and origin of solar system.

Reference books

1. Modern Physics – J.B. Rajam (Unit I-1)
2. Introduction to Atomic Spectra – H. E. White. (Unit I-1,2)
3. Concepts of Modern Physics-Arthur Beiser. (Unit I-1) and (Unit I-2,3)
4. Spectroscopy (Atomic and Molecular and LASER Physics)- Gupta, Kumar, Sharma. (Unit II-1).
5. Astronomy Fundamentals and Frontiers-Robert Jastrow and M. H.Thompson. (Unit II-2)
6. Molecular spectroscopy- G. Herzberg. (Unit I-3) (Unit II-1)
7. Fundamentals of molecular spectroscopy – Colin N. Banwell and Elaine M. McCash (Unit II-1)

BPT 604: Energy Studies

Theory: 45 lectures, 48 minutes (36 Hours)

Marks 50 (Credits: 02)

A: Thermal applications of Solar Energy

Learning Objectives: To Understand

1. the solar dryer in which the grains are dried simultaneously by the heated air from the solar collector.
2. to prepare foods for drying
3. to operate the Solar Food Dryer during the drying process
4. the renewable energy systems, its components and interactions between the components.
5. the knowledge in a special field such as solar energy, storage.

UNIT-I: 1. Solar Drying (11)

Introduction: Drying fundamentals, Sun Vs Solar Drying, Types of Solar Dryers; Direct mode, indirect mode, mixed mode, Solar Dryers in practice: Direct mode natural convection dryers, Direct mode forced convection dryers, Indirect mode forced convection dryers.

2. Evaluation of Solar Dryers (11)

Overall System drying efficiency, Pick up efficiency, Solar collection efficiency, Performance of solar dryer, comparative testing. Technical development, costs and design.

B: Energy Studies

UNIT-II: 1. Energy and Wind Energy (11)

Energy, Forms of energy, Man and environment, Energy chains, Classification of energy resources, Energy demands, Age of renewable and alternatives, Wind energy, Wind energy chains, Wind energy quantum, Planning of wind farm, Wind power density, Efficiency factor of wind turbine (P-H graph), Power of wind turbine for a given incoming wind velocity, Types of a wind turbine generator unit, Horizontal axis propeller type wind turbine generator unit.

2. Solar Energy (12)

Solar energy, Solar energy spectrum (UV, Visible and IR), Utilization of solar energy-thermal route, photovoltaic route, Essential subsystems in solar energy plant, Solar constant, Clarity index, Solar insolation, Solar energy from satellite station through microwave to earth station, Solar photovoltaic systems, Merits and limitations of solar PV systems, Prospects of solar PV systems, Power of a solar cell and solar PV panel.

Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to

1. design the solar dryer.
2. test foods after drying
3. perform an initial design of a renewable energy system.
4. identify, define, present and communicate issues within the subject area.

Reference Books

1. Solar Energy Conversion and Photo-energy Systems-R J Fuller (**UNIT-I**)
(**UNIT-II**)
2. Energy Technology – Non-conventional, Renewable and Conventional – S. Rao and Dr. Parulekar.
3. Non-conventional Energy sources - G. D. Rai (4th edition), Khanna Publishers, Delhi.
4. Solar Energy - S.P. Sukhatme (second edition), Tata Mc.Graw Hill Ltd, New Delhi.
5. Solar Energy Utilization - G. D. Rai (5th edition), Khanna Publishers, Delhi.

BPT 604: E2: Solar Energy and Energy Harvesting

Theory: 45 lectures, 48 minutes (36 Hours)

Marks 50 (Credits: 02)

A: Thermal applications of Solar Energy

Learning Objectives: To Understand

1. the solar dryer in which the grains are dried simultaneously by the heated air from the solar collector.
2. to prepare foods for drying
3. to operate the Solar Food Dryer during the drying process
4. the Piezoelectric energy harvesting applications.
5. the electromagnetic energy harvesting.

UNIT-I

1. Solar Drying (11)

Introduction: Drying fundamentals, Sun Vs Solar Drying , Types of Solar Dryers; Direct mode, indirect mode, mixed mode, Solar Dryers in practice: Direct mode natural convection dryers, Direct mode forced convection dryers, Indirect mode forced convection dryers.

2. Performance Evaluation of Solar Dryers (11)

Overall System drying efficiency, Pick up efficiency, Solar collection efficiency, Performance of solar dryer, comparative testing. Technical development, costs and design.

B: Energy Harvesting

Unit II: 1. Piezoelectric Energy harvesting (12)

Introduction, Physics and characteristics of piezoelectric effect, materials and mathematical description of piezoelectricity, Piezoelectric parameters and modeling piezoelectric generators, Piezoelectric energy harvesting applications, Human power.

1. Electromagnetic Energy Harvesting (11)

Linear generators, recent applications, Carbon captured technologies, cell, batteries, power consumption, Environmental issues and Renewable sources of energy, sustainability.

Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to

1. design the solar dryer.
2. test foods after drying.
3. have deep knowledge on piezoelectric energy harvesting.
4. have deep knowledge on electromagnetic Energy Harvesting

References:

1. Non conventional energy sources- G.D. Rai-Khanna Publishers, New Delhi

2. Solar energy- M. P. Agrawal- S Chand and Co. Ltd
3. Renewable Energy, Power for a suitable future- Golfrey Boyle, Oxford University Press, in association with the open University
4. Solar Energy: Resource Assessment Handbook, 2009, Dr. P. Jayakumar.

BPT 604: Solar Energy and Transducers and Sensors

Theory: 45 lectures, 48 minutes (36 Hours)

Marks 50 (Credits: 02)

A: Thermal applications of Solar Energy

Learning Objectives: To Understand

1. the solar dryer in which the grains are dried simultaneously by the heated air from the solar collector.
2. to prepare foods for drying
3. to operate the Solar Food Dryer during the drying process
4. to elucidate sensors and signal conditioning circuits.
5. the different types sensors and transducers

UNIT-I : Solar Drying (11)

Introduction: Drying fundamentals, Sun Vs Solar Drying , Types of Solar Dryers; Direct mode, indirect mode, mixed mode, Solar Dryers in practice: Direct mode natural convection dryers, Direct mode forced convection dryers, Indirect mode forced convection dryers.

1. Performance Evaluation of Solar Dryers (11)

Overall System drying efficiency, Pick up efficiency, Solar collection efficiency, Performance of solar dryer, comparative testing. Technical development, costs and design.

B. Transducers and Sensors

UNIT-II

1. Mechanical and Electromechanical Transducers: (11)

Introduction of Transducers, classification- Active and Passive transducers, Characteristics, Mechanical and electromechanical Transducers: LVDT, Resistive Potentiometer, strain gauge-inductive Transducer, capacitative Transducer, Ultrasonic Transducer.

2. Sensors Basic characteristics (12)

Types of photosensistors/photodetectors, X-ray and Nuclear radiation sensors, Fibre optic sensors, Smart sensors, Applications of sensors, Introduction-primary sensors, Excitation amplification, Filters, converters-data communication, standards for smart sensor interface, Film sensors, MEMS sensors, Nano sensors, Applications of sensors.

Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to

1. design the solar dryer.
2. test foods after drying
3. Ability to analyse, formulate and select suitable sensor for the given industrial applications.
4. Acquire In depth Knowledge on different types of sensors and transducers.

Reference Books

- 1.Solar Energy Conversion and Photo-energy Systems-R J Fuller (**UNIT-I**)
- 2.D. Patranabis, Sensors and Transducers, 2nd edition, Prentice-Hall of India (2005).
- 3.M.J. Usher, Sensors and Transducers, Macmillan, London (1985). (**UNIT-II**)

SECCPT607: Entrepreneurship Development

Theory: 23 lectures, 48 minutes (18 Hours)

Learning Objectives: To Understand

1. about Entrepreneurship, Creativity & Opportunities.
2. **business Finance & accounts**
3. concept of Enterprise Management and Modern Trends
4. about project writing and energy audit.

Unit I: Entrepreneurship, Creativity & Opportunities

(06)

Concept, Classification & Characteristics of Entrepreneur, Creativity and Risk taking, Risk Situation, Types of risk & risk takers, Business Reforms, Process of Liberalization, Reform Policies, Impact of Liberalization, Emerging high growth areas, Business Idea Methods and techniques to generate business idea, Transforming Ideas in to opportunities transformation involves, Assessment of idea & Feasibility of opportunity SWOT Analysis

Information and Support Systems

Information needed and Their Sources: Information related to project, Information related to support system, Information related to procedures and formalities, Support Systems Small Scale Business Planning, Requirements, Govt. & Institutional Agencies, Formalities Statutory Requirements and Agencies.

Market Assessment

Marketing - Concept and Importance Market Identification, Survey Key components Market Assessment

Unit II: Business Finance & Accounts

(07)

Business Finance- Cost of Project Sources of Finance Assessment of working capital Product costing Profitability Break Even Analysis Financial Ratios and Significance **Business Account-** Accounting Principles, Methodology Book Keeping Financial Statements Concept of Audit.

Business Plan- Business plan steps involved from concept to commissioning, Activity Recourses, Time, Cost.

Project Report- Meaning and Importance, Components of project report/profile (Give list), Project Appraisal: 1) Meaning and definition 2) Technical, Economic feasibility 3) Cost benefit Analysis

Unit III: Enterprise Management and Modern Trends **03**

Enterprise Management: Essential roles of Entrepreneur in managing enterprise Product Cycle: Concept and importance Probable Causes of Sickness Quality Assurance: Importance of Quality, Importance of testing E-Commerce: Concept and Process

UNIT IV: Energy Audit **07**

Need of Energy audit - Types of energy audit - Energy management (audit) approach - understanding energy costs - Bench marking - Energy performance - Matching energy use to requirements - Maximizing system efficiencies - Optimizing the input energy requirements - Duties and responsibilities of energy auditors - Energy audit instruments - Procedures and Techniques.

Learning Objectives: Students will be able to

1. develop knowledge of Entrepreneurship, Creativity & Opportunities.
2. create energy audit.
3. write project proposal.

Reference Books

1. Energy Management: W.R.Murphy, G.Mckay
2. Energy Management Principles: C.B.Smith
3. Efficient Use of Energy : I.G.C.Dryden
4. Energy Economics A.V.Desai

BPP 601: Practical Paper VII

Learning Objectives: To understand

1. experimental determination of wavelength of sodium by various optical methods.
2. absorption spectrum of a liquid KMnO_4 solution.
3. practical use of optical fiber.

Experiment

1. Cardinal points by turn table method
2. Measurement of temperature of Na flame
3. Diffraction at a Single Slit
4. Diffraction at cylindrical obstacle

5. Lloyd's single mirror
6. Double refracting prism
7. Diameter of Lycopodium powder
8. Absorption spectrum of a liquid (KMnO_4 solution)
9. Study of divergence of LASER beam
10. Determination of Thickness of air film by interference.
11. Measurement of Numerical Aperture
12. Design of fiber optic Transmitter/ Receiver.

Learning Outcomes: Students will able to

1. Determinate wavelength of sodium by various optical methods.
2. understand absorption spectrum of a liquid KMnO_4 solution.
3. know practical use of optical fiber.

BPP 602: Practical Paper VIII

(Note: Any 12 of the following List)

Learning Objectives: To understand

1. experimental determination of Self and Mutual Inductance by various methods.
2. calibration of wire by various electrical methods.
3. practical use of solar energy.

Experiment

1. Self Inductance by Owen's Bridge
2. Self Inductance by Rayleigh's Method
3. Measurement of B_H , B_V and θ using Earth Inductor
4. Mutual inductance using Ballistic galvanometer.
5. Resistance of B.G. by half deflection method
6. Calibration of wire by Carey Foster bridge
7. Calibration of wire by Griffith's method
8. Absolute capacity of condenser
9. I-V characteristics of Solar Cell
10. Study of solar collector.
11. Study of solar hot air collector/ solar dryer.
12. Performance evaluation of box type and concentrating type solar cooker.
13. Determination of efficiency of DC/AC inverter.
14. Study of Performance of Solar Lamp.
15. Determination of "Star Rating" of Refrigerator.

Learning Outcomes: Students will able to

1. determine Self and Mutual Inductance by various methods.
2. calibrate wire by various electrical methods.
3. use solar energy in practical life.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Advanced Practical Physics for Students: B. L.Worsnop, H. T. Flint, 1971 Asia Publ.House.
2. Practical Physics: S. L. Gupta and V. Kumar, Pragati Prakashan, 27th Edition, 2010.
3. An Advanced course in Practical Physics: D. Chattopadhyay and P. C. Rakshit, 7th edition, 2005.
4. New Central Book Agency Pvt. Ltd.
5. Experimental College Physics: White and manning, McGraw-Hill Book Comp. 3rd edition.
6. B.Sc. Practical Physics - H. Singh and P.S. Hemne, S. Chand Publication
7. Practical Physics – Arora, S. Chand Publication

Revised Scheme of Practical Examination for B. Sc. Part-III

1. Practical examination will be conducted semester wise.
2. There will be two practical groups for each semester.
3. Every candidate should perform one experiment from each Practical Paper.
4. Practical examination will be conducted for 1.5 days per batch (No. of Students = 12)
5. The examination will be conducted in two sessions per day and each session will be of three hours duration.
6. Study tour is compulsory.
7. At least 80% practical's must be completed by the student.
8. **Scheme of marking for practical examination B. Sc.III Semester V/VI:**

Semester V		Marks	Semester VI		Marks
BPP 501 (50 marks)			BPP 601 (50 marks)		
One experiment	35		One experiment	35	
Submission 1: Certified laboratory journal	10		Submission 1: Certified laboratory journal	10	
Submission 2: Educational Tour/Seminar Report	5		Submission 2: Educational Tour/Seminar Report	5	
BPP 502 (50 marks)			BPP 602 (50 marks)		
One experiment	35		One experiment	35	
Submission: Students Performance	5		Submission: Students Performance	5	
Project Report	10		Project Report	10	
Total Marks	100		Total Marks	100	